

New Orleans Business to Business Forum on Healthcare Solutions









Association Health Plans & Short Term Limited Duration Plans

Presented to you by: Wes Miller

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AGENDA

- Presidential Executive Order
- Association Health Plans
 - Overview
 - Lawsuit
 - Likely Impacts Short-term/Long-term
- Short Term Limited Duration Plans
 - Final Regulation
 - Likely Impacts Short-term/Long-term



PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE ORDER

- Released October 12, 2017, the Executive Order 13813 covered:
- Association Health Plans
 - Banding small groups together to self-insure or become a large group.
 - Specifically to review the definition of commonality-of-interest requirements to include geography or industry.
- Short Term Limited Duration Plans (STLD)
 - Expand the availability of STLDs while maintaining their exemptions under the Affordable Care Act
 - Specifically looks at length of coverage and renewability
- Health Reimbursement Arrangement
 - Expand the availability of HRAs to more Americans
 - Specifically expand employers' ability to offer HRAs to their employees and allowing HRAs to be used in Conjunction with non-group coverage.



OVERVIEW OF ASSOCIATION HEALTH PLANS

- Since October 2017, Executive Order Department of Labor (DOL) has been busy.
 - Issued a Proposed AHP regulation in January 2018
 - Regulation broadened the criteria under ERISA Section 3, in which employers can band together and maintain a single employee welfare benefit plan
 - Comment Period Closed in March 2018
 - Received over 900 comments
 - Issued Final Rule in June 2018 with staggered effective dates
 - September 1, 2018, for fully insured AHPs
 - January 1, 2019, for existing self-insured AHPs
 - April 1, 2019, for new self-insured AHPs

OVERVIEW OF ASSOCIATION HEALTH PLANS

- Creates a more flexible pathway to qualify as and AHP
 - AHPs can now have its primary purpose to provide health insurance benefits, but must continue to also have another purpose. (i.e. lobbying, education, public relations, etc.)
 - AHPs may now include employers from the same industry, line of business, profession OR be located within the same geographic region not to exceed a single state or metropolitan area.
 - Employers must control the functions and activities of the association
- Now allows AHPs to include self employed members.
- Includes non-discrimination language
 - Cannot discriminate based on health status:
 - Entry into the Association
 - Eligibility for the health plan
 - Benefits covered
 - Premiums charged
 - Rule notes that age and gender are NOT health factors
 - AHPs are permitted to limit enrollment to open enrollment periods or establish special enrollment periods.
- Clarifies that AHPs are subject to some ACA protections such as wellness benefits, annual out-of-pocket limits, annual and lifetime limits and Summary of Benefits and Coverage.

ASSOCIATION HEALTH PLAN LAWSUIT

- DOL anticipated challenges to the final rule, so they included a severability clause. This clause clarifies that if any parts of the rule are struck, the remaining rule lives on.
- 12 States filed suit on July 26, 2018, in the DC District Court of Appeals asking for Injunctive Relief.
- They argue that the Final Rule's changes broadening the availability of AHPs violates the consumer protections included in the ACA.
- Uses a similar method that has taken down some DOL rules in the past Hyper technical challenge DOL's authority under the Administrative Procedures Act. Challenging that they went through all the right processes and have the right justifications.
- Anticipate it may be tied up in litigation for a while.

LIKELY IMPACTS ON GROUP MARKET

- In the near future, it is business as usual.
- Lawsuit likely to drive speed to market.
- Potential Further Segmentation of the ACA group commercial market likely to happen in 2020 and beyond.
- More clarity will be provided as employers begin to implement these new programs.
- Depending on how strict DOL will be with AHPs, they could snowball very quickly.

SHORT TERM LIMITED DURATION PLANS

Final Rule Includes:

- 364 days duration
- Renewable for up to 36 months
- Exempt from ACA requirements
- Not considered Minimum Essential Coverage
- Can be underwritten
- Must include a pharmacy benefit.
- Must include disclosure in important Plan materials.

LIKELY IMPACTS ON INDIVIDUAL MARKET

- For the ACA subsidized market, it will have minimum impact.
- In 2019, insurers will begin offering these plans alongside their ACA products as an alternative for non-subsidized members.
- Likely to deteriorate the ACA market even further
 - Drive up the average age of enrollee.
 - Increase the cost of coverage.
- Headed towards a dual individual market as issuers figure out what STLD offerings work well.



QUESTIONS?

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Employer Mandates, IRS Letters 226J, and BIG FINES!

Presented to you by: Michael Bertaut

Healthcare Economist



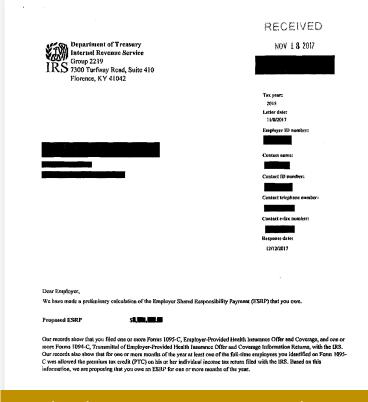
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ACA's Employer Responsibility Requirement

- Imposed reporting and coverage requirements on employers beginning in 2015.
- "Pay or Play" feature enforcement was delayed by technical issues.
- Issues are resolved; machine letters of potential fines began issuing in November 2017 and continue today.

226Js released for 2015, 2016 soon

- The IRS started sending 226J proposed fine notices to employers in November 2017 for 2015 behavior.
- Real response time is less than 30 days.
- Average is six figures; notice assumes worst case scenario fines. Total \$9 billion for 2015.
- Employers must act QUICKLY to avoid fines.
- Carrier will typically NOT have the data they require.



Absolute Trigger: Any employee getting \$1 of Advanced Tax Credits from an Exchange.

Important Triggers of the 226J Employer Shared Responsibility Payment Notice

- An employee bought coverage on the Exchange and received an Advanced Tax Credit.
- That employee identified YOUR company as his/her employer.
- That employee was not identified as covered on a 1094/1095c for the months they received the ATC.

Counting Part 2: ALE Count -4980h

How many average FTEs do I have?

Month	Full Time (30 hour)	Part Time Hours	/120 FTE	Total FTE	AVERAGE	
Jan 2014	22	3300	27.50	49.50		Notice must be
Feb 2014	23	2800	23.33	46.33		accurate to the hundredth of a FTE.
Mar 2014	23	3250	27.08	50.08		
Apr 2014	23	3450	28.75	51.75		
May 2014	24	3105	25.88	49.88		A bona fide count is at least six rolling months out of 12.
June 2014	22	3271	27.26	49.26		
July 2014	23	3655	30.46	53.46		
Aug 2014	24	3705	30.88	54.88		Snapshots are not valid measures of
Sept 2014	25	3000	25.00	50.00		size.
Oct 2014	26	3800	31.67	57.67		
Controlled, affiliated and associated groups				59.92		
must be combined for this computation.				65.42	53.18	

If your answer is 0 to 49.99 FTEs...

- No obligation to provide **affordable** coverage.
- No obligation to provide valuable coverage.
- No federal obligations to offer coverage. State law may apply.
- Properly documented, no danger of fines under 4980H.
- You must still demonstrate your Non-ALE status. You must still count!



ESRP Computations for ALEs



26 U.S. **4980h** Section a) – *Big Hammer*

- In 2016 and beyond fail to offer coverage to at least 95% of all full-time employees (70% in 2015).
- One employee goes to Exchange, gets ATC.
- ESRP is (full-time employee count 30) x (\$2,250 each year). Typical on 226Js!

26 U.S. 4980h Section b) – *Little Hammer*

- In 2016 fail to offer affordable, 60% AV coverage to employee/dependents.
- For each employee that refuses the offer and draws a tax credit from healthcare.gov, a fine will apply.
- Fine is (full-time employees drawing ATC) x (\$3250 each year).

What Does Affordable mean?

Final Safe Harbors

- Federal Poverty Line:
 - 100% of FPL x 9.5% = affordable premium of all employees
 - Calculate up to six months in advance
 - 2014 \$11,670 x 9.5% = \$1,108.65/year (\$92.38/month)
- Rate of Pay
 - Hourly rate x 130 x 12 months x 9.5%
 - \$10/hour x 130 x 12 x 9.5% = \$1,482/year (\$123.50/month)
 - Cannot be used for "tipped" employees
- 9.5% of Employee Box 1 W-2 income in premiums for employee-only coverage.
 - Determined at end of calendar year, on employee-by-employee basis, on this year's wages
 - Partial-year adjustments allowed for new employees who work part of a year
 - At \$20,800/year (\$10/hr full-time) = \$1,976/year (\$164.67/month)



Who is an employee under 4980H?



- Any common law employee, except:
 - Lease Employees Section 414(n)(2)
 - Sole Proprietor
 - Partner in a Partnership
 - 2% S-Corporation Shareholder
 - Section 3508 Worker (real estate agents, certain other direct sales relationships)

Note: **H-2A** and **H-2B** workers are **employees** under this standard unless they seasonal.

1094/1095Cs

Critical Issues:

- Make sure check box certifying MEC was offered.
- Make sure written waivers in hand for "refused offer" folk on filings.
- Vendor/Payroll records need to be accurate and complete. Carriers typically will not have data required.

Form 14764 allows you to agree or disagree with proposed ESRP

Also allows you to authorize another agent to represent you on this issue to the IRS.

Check and sign here is you are ready to send them a BIG CHECK.

Or here if you are disputing the notice.

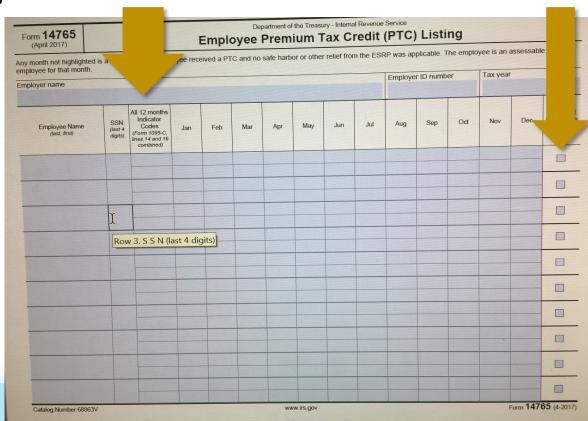
Critical: IRS must receive response or request for extension within 30 days of issue of 226J.

rimary telephone number	Best time to call
Secondary telephone number	Best time to call
Indicate Your Agreement or Disagreement	
Agreement with proposed assessment I consent to the assessment and collection of the pro	oposed assessment of the ESRP in the a
Signature	
Print name and title of the person who signed above	
Partial/Total disagreement with proposed assessmen	
I disagree with part or all of the proposed assessme	nt of the ESRP
Indicate Your Payment Option (check all that app	oly)
Full payment using EFTPS on	
Partial payment using EFTPS on	
Enclosed full payment of \$	
Enclosed partial payment of \$	
☐ No payment	
Write your employer ID number ([NN-NNNNNNN]), the	e tax year [(2015)] and ESRP on your pay
Make your check or money order payable to the United	
Authorization (optional)	
If you would like to authorize someone, in addition to you person's information, your signature, and the date.	to contact the IRS concerning this page
	, to contact the first concerning this prope
The authority granted is limited as indicated by the state agreements, or otherwise represent you before the IRS. Publication 947, Practice Before the IRS and Power of A	ment above the signature line. The contact

Use 14765 for Employee-by-employee dispute of IRS Proposed Payment

Uses the same Indicator codes found on the 1095C.

See next slide for reference.



Observations So Far

- Proposed payments are huge.
- About 80% of our clients can satisfy IRS burden of proof and pay no fine (227-K).
- About 10% paid because they had no documentation.
- About 10% are not responding at all. (Not recommended).

Latest Data on Employer Compliance

bit.ly/1PrjqFF

