Cooling Devices Used in the Outpatient Setting

Policy # 00139
Original Effective Date: 06/28/2004
Current Effective Date: 02/13/2023

Applies to all products administered or underwritten by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Louisiana and its subsidiary, HMO Louisiana, Inc. (collectively referred to as the “Company”), unless otherwise provided in the applicable contract. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and we reserve the right to review and update Medical Policy periodically.

Note: Continuous Passive Motion (CPM) is addressed separately in medical policy 00020.

Services Are Not Covered
Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of active and passive cooling devices or combination cooling and compression (cryopneumatic) devices (e.g., the Game Ready system) in the outpatient setting mainly for the comfort or convenience of the member is not covered.**

Note: Cooling Devices Used in the Outpatient Setting are considered an exclusion in most member contracts.

Background/Overview

Cold and Compression Therapy
Use of ice packs and various bandages and wraps following surgery or musculoskeletal and soft tissue injury is common. A variety of manually operated and mechanical continuous cooling devices are commercially available.

The standard postoperative treatment for musculoskeletal surgeries consists of cryotherapy (cold therapy) and various types of compressive wraps. Both ice packs (with or without additives to maintain temperature) and cooling devices can provide cryotherapy. Circulating cooling devices are designed to provide a constant low temperature, which might provide additional benefit compared with the more variable temperature achieved with the intermittent replacement of ice packs. Noncirculating cooling devices might also allow less variable cooling due to the larger volume of ice stored in the insulated tank and the use of circulated ice water.

Noncirculating Cooling Devices
The CryoCuff® and Polar Care Cub devices are examples of passive, noncirculating cooling devices. The CryoCuff device consists of an insulated container filled with iced water that is attached...
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to a compressive cuff. When the CryoCuff container is raised, the water fills and pressurizes the cuff. The amount of pressure is proportional to the height of the container. When body heat warms the water, the cooler is lowered and water drained. The cooler is then raised above the affected limb, and cold water refills the compressive cuff. The Polar Care Cub unit consists of pads held in place with elastic straps, which may also provide compression. The pads are attached to a built-in hand pump that circulates the water through the pads at the same time as increasing the compression around the joint.

Circulating Cooling Devices
In active, circulating cooling devices, a motorized pump circulates chilled water and may also provide pneumatic compression. For example, the AutoChill™ device, which may be used with a CryoCuff, consists of a pump that automatically exchanges water from the cuff to the cooler, eliminating the need for manual water recycling. The Hot/Ice Thermal Blanket is another circulating cooling device. It consists of 2 rubber pads connected by a rubber hose to the main cooling unit. Fluid is circulated via the hose through the thermal blankets. The temperature of the fluid is controlled by the main unit and can be either hot or cold. The Game Ready™ Accelerated Recovery System is a circulating cooling device combined with a pneumatic component. The system consists of various soft wraps and a computer-control unit to circulate the water through the wraps and to provide intermittent pneumatic compression. The Hilotherm® Clinic circulates cooled water through preshaped thermoplastic polyurethane facial masks for use after different types of facial surgery. ThermaZone® provides thermal therapy with pads specific to various joints as well as different areas of the head (front, sides, back, eyes). CTM™ and cTreatment are computer-controlled devices that provide cooling at a specific (11°C) and continuous temperature.

FDA or Other Governmental Regulatory Approval
U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
A large number of circulating and noncirculating cooling devices have been cleared for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) through the 510(k) process since 1976. FDA product code: ILO.
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Table 1. Cooling Devices Cleared by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Date Cleared</th>
<th>510(k) No.</th>
<th>Indication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Game Ready GRPro 2.1 System</td>
<td>Cool Systems, Inc (Dba Game Ready)</td>
<td>10/29/2019</td>
<td>K192114</td>
<td>To treat post-surgical and acute injuries to reduce swelling and pain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polar Care Wave</td>
<td>Breg Inc</td>
<td>03/01/2019</td>
<td>K183702</td>
<td>To treat post-surgical and acute injuries to reduce swelling and pain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Therm-X, Therm-X At, Therm-X Pro Ath</td>
<td>Zenith Technical Innovations</td>
<td>5/10/2019 08/03/2018</td>
<td>K190854 K181149</td>
<td>To treat post-surgical and acute injuries to reduce swelling and pain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Med4 Elite</td>
<td>Cool Systems, Inc (DBA Game Ready)</td>
<td>09/29/2017</td>
<td>K171685</td>
<td>To treat post-surgical and acute injuries to reduce swelling and pain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nice1</td>
<td>Nice Recovery Systems, LLC</td>
<td>12/23/2014</td>
<td>K143197</td>
<td>To treat post-surgical and acute injuries to reduce swelling and pain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynatron Peltier Thermostim Probe</td>
<td>Dynatronics Corp.</td>
<td>01/24/2014</td>
<td>K132057</td>
<td>To treat post-surgical and acute injuries to reduce swelling and pain</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rationale/Source
This medical policy was developed through consideration of peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval status, nationally accepted standards of medical practice and accepted standards of medical practice in this community, technology evaluation centers, reference to federal regulations, other plan medical policies, and accredited national guidelines.
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For individuals who have pain and/or swelling after knee surgery who receive a cooling device, the evidence includes several randomized controlled trials (RCTs) and a case-control study. Relevant outcomes are symptoms, functional outcomes, medication use, and resource utilization. Evidence on manually operated passive noncirculating cooling devices is limited by the control condition used in the trials. Studies on manually operated passive noncirculating cooling devices were limited by the control condition used in the trials. Studies that used either a no-icing control or infrequent ice applications did not provide sufficient evidence of comparative efficacy. Other studies provided no information on the frequency of ice changes, limiting interpretation of the results. Several randomized trials have compared active circulating cooling devices with standard intermittent icing or cold packs, and 2 of the larger trials found no significant benefit of the continuous cooling devices. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

For individuals who have pain and/or swelling after shoulder surgery who receive a cooling device, the evidence includes 2 RCTs. Relevant outcomes include symptoms, functional outcomes, medication use, and resource utilization. Evidence found that use of compressive cryotherapy produced no significant reduction in pain or medication use compared with the standard ice wrap. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

For individuals who have pain and/or swelling after facial surgery who receive a cooling device, the evidence includes several small RCTs and a pilot study. Relevant outcomes include symptoms, functional outcomes, medication use, and resource utilization. There have been mixed results regarding the intervention’s efficacy in reducing neurologic problems as well as improving eye motility, diplopia, mandible functioning, and mouth opening compared with conventional cooling regimens. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

Supplemental Information
Clinical Input From Physician Specialty Societies and Academic Medical Centers
While the various physician specialty societies and academic medical centers may collaborate with and make recommendations during this process, through the provision of appropriate reviewers,
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Input received does not represent an endorsement or position statement by the physician specialty societies or academic medical centers, unless otherwise noted.

2008 Input
In response to requests, input was received from 3 specialty societies and 3 academic medical centers while the policy was under review in 2008. Input was mixed regarding the medical necessity of continuous cooling devices.

Practice Guidelines and Position Statements
Guidelines or position statements will be considered for inclusion in ‘Supplemental Information' if they were issued by, or jointly by, a US professional society, an international society with US representation, or National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE). Priority will be given to guidelines that are informed by a systematic review, include strength of evidence ratings, and include a description of management of conflict of interest.

American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons
In 2016, the American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons released guidelines on the surgical management of osteoarthritis of the knee after knee arthroplasty. They state, “Moderate evidence supports that cryotherapy devices after knee arthroscopy (KA) do not improve outcomes.”

U.S. Preventive Services Task Force Recommendations
Not applicable.

Medicare National Coverage
There is no national coverage determination. In the absence of a national coverage determination, coverage decisions are left to the discretion of local Medicare carriers.

Ongoing and Unpublished Clinical Trials
Some currently ongoing and unpublished trials that might influence this review are listed in Table 2.
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Table 2. Summary of Key Trials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NCT No.</th>
<th>Trial Name</th>
<th>Planned Enrollment</th>
<th>Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>Randomized-Controlled Trial and Evaluation Cohort Study of Patients Using a Cryopneumatic Device After Open or Arthroscopic Shoulder Surgeries</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>Dec 2021 (recruiting)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unpublished</td>
<td>Cryotherapy to Improve Outcomes in Lower Third Molar Surgery (COOL)</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>June 2018 (completed)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NCT: national clinical trial.

a Denotes industry-sponsored or cosponsored trial.

References

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Policy History
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06/01/2004  Medical Director review
06/15/2004  Medical Policy Committee review
06/28/2004  Managed Care Advisory Council approval
12/07/2004  Medical Director review
12/14/2004  Medical Policy Committee review. Format revision. Name changed from Cryo Therapy to Cooling Devices Used in the Outpatient Setting. Policy/Guideline section revised to reflect member contract non-coverage of convenience items.
01/31/2005  Managed Care Advisory Council approval
07/07/2006  Format revision, including addition of FDA and or other governmental regulatory approval and rationale/source. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/10/2007  Medical Director review
01/17/2007  Medical Policy Committee approval
01/09/2008  Medical Director review
01/23/2008  Medical Policy Committee approval
01/07/2009  Medical Director review
01/14/2009  Medical Policy Committee approval. No change to coverage.
01/07/2010  Medical Director approval
01/20/2010  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage. Coding review.
010/6/2011  Medical Director approval
01/19/2011  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage
02/02/2012  Medical Policy Committee review
02/15/2012  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/03/2013  Medical Policy Committee review
01/09/2013  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/09/2014  Medical Policy Committee review
01/15/2014  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.

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01/08/2015  Medical Policy Committee review
01/21/2015  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
08/03/2015  Coding update: ICD10 Diagnosis code section added; ICD9 Procedure code section removed.
01/07/2016  Medical Policy Committee review
01/22/2016  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/01/2017  Coding update: Removing ICD-9 Diagnosis Codes
01/05/2017  Medical Policy Committee review
01/18/2017  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged
01/04/2018  Medical Policy Committee review
01/17/2018  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Added combination cooling and compression (cryopneumatic) devices (e.g., the Game Ready system) to the services are not covered statement.
08/09/2018  Coding update
01/10/2019  Medical Policy Committee review
01/03/2020  Medical Policy Committee review
01/08/2020  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/07/2021  Medical Policy Committee review
01/13/2021  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
06/21/2021  Coding update
01/06/2022  Medical Policy Committee review
01/12/2022  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/05/2023  Medical Policy Committee review
01/11/2023  Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.
01/23/2023  Coding update
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Next Scheduled Review Date:  01/2024

Coding

The five character codes included in the Blue Cross Blue Shield of Louisiana Medical Policy Coverage Guidelines are obtained from Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®), copyright 2022 by the American Medical Association (AMA). CPT is developed by the AMA as a listing of descriptive terms and five character identifying codes and modifiers for reporting medical services and procedures performed by physician.

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CPT is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association.

Codes used to identify services associated with this policy may include (but may not be limited to) the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code Type</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CPT</td>
<td>Delete codes effective 02/01/2023: 0662T, 0663T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HCPCS</td>
<td>E0218, E0236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICD-10 Diagnosis</td>
<td>All related diagnoses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Medically Necessary (or “Medical Necessity”) - Health care services, treatment, procedures, equipment, drugs, devices, items or supplies that a Provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment,
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would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that are:

A. In accordance with nationally accepted standards of medical practice;
B. Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, level of care, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and
C. Not primarily for the personal comfort or convenience of the patient, physician or other health care provider, and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient's illness, injury or disease.

For these purposes, “nationally accepted standards of medical practice” means standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, Physician Specialty Society recommendations and the views of Physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas and any other relevant factors.

‡ Indicated trademarks are the registered trademarks of their respective owners.

NOTICE: If the Patient’s health insurance contract contains language that differs from the BCBSLA Medical Policy definition noted above, the definition in the health insurance contract will be relied upon for specific coverage determinations.

NOTICE: Medical Policies are scientific based opinions, provided solely for coverage and informational purposes. Medical Policies should not be construed to suggest that the Company recommends, advocates, requires, encourages, or discourages any particular treatment, procedure, or service, or any particular course of treatment, procedure, or service.