



Louisiana

pitolisant (Wakix[®])

Policy # 00700

Original Effective Date: 03/09/2020

Current Effective Date: 03/09/2020

Applies to all products administered or underwritten by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Louisiana and its subsidiary, HMO Louisiana, Inc. (collectively referred to as the "Company"), unless otherwise provided in the applicable contract. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and we reserve the right to review and update Medical Policy periodically.

When Services May Be Eligible for Coverage

Coverage for eligible medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products may be provided only if:

- *Benefits are available in the member's contract/certificate, and*
- *Medical necessity criteria and guidelines are met.*

Based on review of available data, the Company may consider pitolisant (Wakix[®])[†] for the treatment of excessive daytime sleepiness in patients with narcolepsy to be **eligible for coverage**.**

Patient Selection Criteria

Coverage eligibility for pitolisant (Wakix) will be considered when the following criteria are met:

- Patient has a diagnosis of excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy; AND
- Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
- Patient has tried and failed (e.g. intolerance or inadequate response) GENERIC modafinil or armodafinil for at least 1 month unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of the generic alternatives will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient; AND

*(Note: This specific patient criterion is an additional company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary** if not met.)*

- Patient has tried and failed (e.g. intolerance or inadequate response) at least TWO generic stimulant medications for 1 month EACH unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of the generic stimulants will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient. Generic stimulants include methylphenidate, dexamethylphenidate, methamphetamine, and dextroamphetamine-amphetamine; AND

*(Note: This specific patient criterion is an additional company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary** if not met.)*

- Patient does NOT have a diagnosis of a substance use disorder.

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*(Note: This specific patient criterion is an additional company requirement for coverage eligibility based on clinical trial exclusion criteria and will be denied as not medically necessary** if not met.)*

When Services Are Considered Not Medically Necessary

Based on review of available data, the company considers the use of pitolisant (Wakix) when patients have a substance use disorder or have not tried and failed generic modafinil or armodafinil AND two generic stimulants to be **not medically necessary.****

When Services Are Considered Investigational

Coverage is not available for investigational medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products.

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of pitolisant (Wakix) for indications other than excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy in adults to be **investigational.***

Background/Overview

Wakix is a wakefulness-promoting agent indicated for the treatment of excessive daytime sleepiness in adults with narcolepsy. It is a histamine-3 receptor antagonist/inverse agonist, which represents a novel mechanism of action compared to other wakefulness-promoting agents. The action on these histamine-3 receptors is thought to increase wakefulness and decrease narcolepsy episodes. Wakix is available as 4.45 mg and 17.8 mg tablets and should be dosed as 17.8 mg to 35.6 mg once daily in the morning upon waking. It may take up to 8 weeks for some patients to achieve a clinical response. Of note, the majority of patients in the clinical trials received the highest dose. Wakix is not a controlled substance. However, patients with a history of substance use disorder were specifically excluded from the clinical trials, so efficacy and safety cannot be confirmed in this population.

Narcolepsy is a rare, chronic neurologic disorder that affects the brain's ability to control sleep-wake cycles. Affected individuals typically feel rested after waking, but then feel very sleepy throughout much of the day. The most typical symptoms are excessive daytime sleepiness, cataplexy, sleep

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paralysis, and hallucinations. If left undiagnosed or untreated, narcolepsy can interfere with psychological, social, and cognitive function and development and can inhibit academic, work, and social activities.

Treatment of narcolepsy includes lifestyle modifications and medications. Lifestyle modifications are a necessary part of treatment and include taking short, regularly scheduled naps, maintaining a regular sleep schedule, avoiding caffeine and alcohol several hours before bedtime, and exercising regularly. Medications used to treat narcolepsy include stimulants such as modafinil and amphetamines for the treatment of daytime sleepiness and sodium oxybate (Xyrem[®])[‡] for the treatment of cataplexy, daytime sleepiness, and disrupted sleep. Tricyclic antidepressants, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, and venlafaxine may be effective for the treatment of cataplexy and selegiline may be effective for the treatment of cataplexy and daytime sleepiness. Clinical practice guidelines have not been updated to include Wakix.

FDA or Other Governmental Regulatory Approval

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Wakix was approved in August 2019 for the treatment of excessive daytime sleepiness in adults with narcolepsy.

Rationale/Source

This medical policy was developed through consideration of peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval status, nationally accepted standards of medical practice and accepted standards of medical practice in this community, Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association technology assessment program (TEC) and other non-affiliated technology evaluation centers, reference to federal regulations, other plan medical policies, and accredited national guidelines.

The efficacy of Wakix for the treatment of excessive daytime sleepiness in adult patients with narcolepsy was evaluated in two multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled studies. Both studies included patients ≥ 18 years of age who met the International Classification of Sleep Disorders (ICSD-2) criteria for narcolepsy and who had an Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score ≥ 14 . Excessive daytime sleepiness was assessed using the ESS, an 8-item questionnaire by which patients rate their perceived likelihood of falling asleep during usual daily life activities. Each of the

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8 items is rated from 0 (would never doze) to 3 (high chance of dozing); the maximum score is 24. Both studies included an 8-week treatment period, a 3-week dose titration phase, and a 5-week stable dose phase.

In Study 1, 61 patients were randomized to receive Wakix or placebo. The dose of Wakix was initiated at 8.9 mg once daily and could be increased at weekly intervals to 17.8 mg or 35.6 mg based on efficacy response and tolerability. No dose adjustments were permitted during the 5-week stable-dose phase. 61% of patients reached a stable dose of 35.6 mg. The primary endpoint was least square mean final ESS score compared to placebo at week 8. Wakix demonstrated a statistically significant improvement in this measure with a difference of -3.1 [95% CI -5.73; -0.46].

In Study 2, 95 patients were randomized to receive Wakix or placebo. The dose of Wakix was initiated at 4.45 mg and could be increased at weekly intervals to 8.9 mg or 17.8 mg based on efficacy response and tolerability. No dose adjustments were permitted during this 5-week stable-dose phase. 76% of patients reached a stable dose of 17.8 mg. Wakix demonstrated a statistically significant improvement in the primary endpoint of least square mean final ESS score compared to placebo at week 8 with a treatment difference of -2.2 [95% CI -4.17; -0.22].

References

1. Wakix [package insert]. Harmony Biosciences, LLC. Plymouth Meeting, PA. Updated November 2019.
2. Wakix Drug Evaluation. Express Scripts. Updated August, 28, 2019.

Policy History

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02/06/2020 Medical Policy Committee review

02/12/2020 Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. New policy.

Next Scheduled Review Date: 02/2021

*Investigational – A medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational if the effectiveness has not been clearly tested and it has not been incorporated into

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standard medical practice. Any determination we make that a medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational will be based on a consideration of the following:

- A. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product can be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and whether such approval has been granted at the time the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is sought to be furnished; or
- B. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product requires further studies or clinical trials to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, effectiveness, or effectiveness as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis, must improve health outcomes, according to the consensus of opinion among experts as shown by reliable evidence, including:
 1. Consultation with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association technology assessment program (TEC) or other nonaffiliated technology evaluation center(s);
 2. Credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community; or
 3. Reference to federal regulations.

****Medically Necessary (or “Medical Necessity”)** - Health care services, treatment, procedures, equipment, drugs, devices, items or supplies that a Provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that are:

- A. In accordance with nationally accepted standards of medical practice;
- B. Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, level of care, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and
- C. Not primarily for the personal comfort or convenience of the patient, physician or other health care provider, and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient's illness, injury or disease.

For these purposes, “nationally accepted standards of medical practice” means standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, Physician Specialty Society recommendations and the views of Physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas and any other relevant factors.

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