Select Antiherpetic Agents (topical, buccal)

Policy # 00523
Original Effective Date: 01/01/2017
Current Effective Date: 01/01/2017

Applies to all products administered or underwritten by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Louisiana and its subsidiary, HMO Louisiana, Inc. (collectively referred to as the "Company"), unless otherwise provided in the applicable contract. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and we reserve the right to review and update Medical Policy periodically.

When Services May Be Eligible for Coverage
Coverage for eligible medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products may be provided only if:

- Benefits are available in the member's contract/certificate, and
- Medical necessity criteria and guidelines are met.

Based on review of available data, the Company may consider Zovirax® (acyclovir cream), brand/generic Zovirax (acyclovir ointment), Denavir® (penciclovir cream), and Sitavig® (acyclovir buccal) to be eligible for coverage when the patient selection criteria are met.

Patient Selection Criteria
Coverage eligibility for Zovirax (acyclovir cream), brand/generic Zovirax (acyclovir ointment), Denavir (penciclovir cream), or Sitavig (acyclovir buccal) will be considered when the following criteria are met for the specific drug requested:

- For Zovirax (acyclovir cream), Denavir (penciclovir cream), or Sitavig (acyclovir buccal) requests:
  - Patient has a diagnosis of recurrent herpes labialis (cold sores) AND is immunocompetent; AND
  - Patient has tried and failed (e.g. intolerance or inadequate response) at least TWO of the following generic prescription oral antiviral products (acyclovir, famciclovir, valacyclovir) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of TWO of the following generic prescription oral antiviral products (acyclovir, famciclovir, valacyclovir) will be/was ineffective or will/did cause an adverse reaction to the patient.
  (Note: This specific patient criterion is an additional Company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary* if not met)

- For brand/generic Zovirax (acyclovir ointment) requests:
  - Patient will use for the initial treatment of genital herpes OR patient will use for non-life threatening mucocutaneous herpes simplex virus infections and the patient is immunocompromised; AND
  - Patient has tried and failed (e.g. intolerance or inadequate response) at least TWO of the following generic prescription oral antiviral products (acyclovir, famciclovir, valacyclovir) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of TWO of the following generic prescription oral antiviral products (acyclovir, famciclovir, valacyclovir) will be/was ineffective or will/did cause an adverse reaction to the patient.
  (Note: This specific patient criterion is an additional Company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary* if not met)

When Services Are Considered Not Medically Necessary
Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of Zovirax (acyclovir cream), brand/generic Zovirax (acyclovir ointment), Denavir (penciclovir cream), or Sitavig (acyclovir buccal)
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WITHOUT evidence that the patient has tried and failed at least TWO of the following generic prescription oral antiviral products (acyclovir, famciclovir, valacyclovir) to be not medically necessary.**

When Services Are Considered Investigational
Coverage is not available for investigational medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products.

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of Zovirax (acyclovir cream), brand/generic Zovirax (acyclovir ointment), Denavir (penciclovir cream), or Sitavig (acyclovir buccal) for any indication other than their respective U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications to be investigational.*

Background/Overview
Zovirax cream, Denavir cream, and Sitavig buccal are all approved for the treatment of recurrent herpes labialis (cold sores). Zovirax ointment (generic included) is approved for the management of initial general herpes and in limited non-life-threatening mucocutaneous herpes simplex virus infections in immunocompromised patients. According to the Centers for Disease Control and other sources, the preferred agents for these conditions are oral antiviral medications. Oral antivirals are preferred over the topical antivirals as the topical agents give a modest effect, at most. The topical antitherpetic agents (including generics) are a pricier option, which do not give better clinical outcomes. Sitavig is an oral medication, however it contains the same active ingredient (acyclovir) as generic oral acyclovir. Therefore, its use is not necessary over the available generic versions of acyclovir. The generic version of oral acyclovir offers a much more economical choice versus Sitavig.

FDA or Other Governmental Regulatory Approval
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
Zovirax ointment was approved in 1982. Zovirax cream was approved in 2002. Denavir was approved in 1996. Sitavig was approved in 2013. These agents are approved for the treatment of herpes type infections.

Rationale/Source
The patient selection criteria presented in this policy takes into consideration clinical evidence or patient history that suggests at least TWO of the following generic prescription oral antiviral products (acyclovir, famciclovir, valacyclovir) will be/was ineffective or will/did cause an adverse reaction to the patient. Based on a review of the data, in the absence of the above mentioned caveats, there is no advantage of using Zovirax (acyclovir cream), brand/generic Zovirax (acyclovir ointment), Denavir (penciclovir cream), or Sitavig (acyclovir buccal) over at least TWO of the following generic prescription oral antiviral products (acyclovir, famciclovir, valacyclovir). This policy is also in place to ensure that the drugs are being used for their FDA approved indications.

References
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**Policy History**

| Original Effective Date: | 01/01/2017 |
| Current Effective Date: | 01/01/2017 |
| 08/04/2016 | Medical Policy Committee review |
| 08/17/2016 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. New policy. |
| Next Scheduled Review Date: | 08/2017 |

*Investigational – A medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational if the effectiveness has not been clearly tested and it has not been incorporated into standard medical practice. Any determination we make that a medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational will be based on a consideration of the following:

A. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product can be lawfully marketed without approval of the FDA and whether such approval has been granted at the time the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is sought to be furnished; or

B. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product requires further studies or clinical trials to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, effectiveness, or effectiveness as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis, must improve health outcomes, according to the consensus of opinion among experts as shown by reliable evidence, including:

1. Consultation with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association technology assessment program (TEC) or other nonaffiliated technology evaluation center(s);
2. Credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community; or
3. Reference to federal regulations.

**Medically Necessary (or “Medical Necessity”) - Health care services, treatment, procedures, equipment, drugs, devices, items or supplies that a Provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that are:

A. In accordance with nationally accepted standards of medical practice;
B. Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, level of care, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and
C. Not primarily for the personal comfort or convenience of the patient, physician or other health care provider, and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient's illness, injury or disease.

For these purposes, "nationally accepted standards of medical practice" means standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, Physician Specialty Society recommendations and the views of Physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas and any other relevant factors.

‡ Indicated trademarks are the registered trademarks of their respective owners.

**NOTICE:** Medical Policies are scientific based opinions, provided solely for coverage and informational purposes. Medical Policies should not be construed to suggest that the Company recommends, advocates, requires, encourages, or discourages any particular treatment, procedure, or service, or any particular course of treatment, procedure, or service.